



#### **Introduction and Overview**

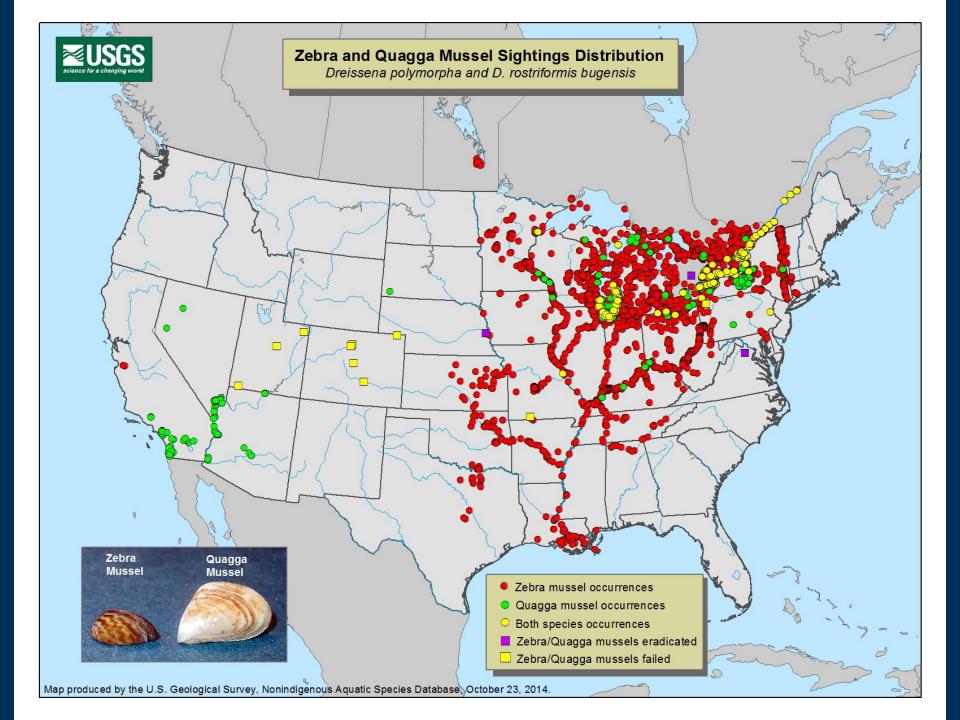
Leon Carl, U.S. Geological Survey
Tim Eder, Great Lakes Commission
John Bratton, NOAA – Great Lakes Env. Research Lab
Bob Lambe, Great Lakes Fishery Commission











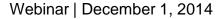




#### Effects of zebra & quagga mussels

- Water clarity
- Impacts to food webs (e.g. reductions in pelagic productivity)
- Food source for some fish (gobies, whitefish)
- Impacts on infrastructure
- Scope of problem

















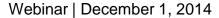
#### **New potential for management**

- Approval of Zequanox®¹ for open water use
- Trial applications
  - MI, MN, WI
- Other technologies in development



Effects of biocontrol application
A colony of zebra mussels attached to a native mussel. The native mussel survives the application of biocontrol; the zebra mussels do not.

<sup>1</sup>Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.















- Potentially a multi-jurisdictional, multi-sector management challenge
- What is the most effective way to bring agencies together on management and science objectives related to creating a potentially powerful management tool?
- Collective Impact: How do we bring multiple interested parties into a common understanding and common agenda on moving forward?













Purpose: Provide a framework for communication and coordination to determine management objectives for invasive mussels and identify and guide research needed to achieve those objectives.

#### Objectives:

- Facilitate information exchange between decision-makers, scientists and stakeholders
- Develop and guide a joint and strategic approach to invasive mussels
- Implement communication and outreach activities

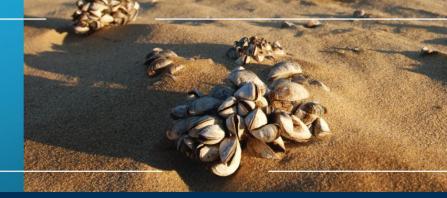












#### **Founders**

Great Lakes Commission

Great Lakes
Fishery
Commission

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

U.S. Geological Survey

# Proposed Membership

U.S. and Canada

Federal, Tribal, state and provincial agencies

Nongovernment organizations

Industry

Academia

# External Connections

Local groups (e.g., lake associations)

Other regional groups (e.g., Western U.S.)

Other national and international stakeholders

U.S. Congress













Inform deciston-making and management activities

Engagement with other stakeholders

#### Steering Committee

□Determine management objectives and science priorities

□Communicate management objectives and science needs

□ Evaluate IPM approach □ Provide information to stakeholders

□Establish connections with other regions and at a national and international level

#### Science Team

□Identify science needs and gaps □Address needs and gaps through experiments, modeling and other research

Inform science

Neutral backbone support and coordination

Incubated in Great Lakes with national/international application













Example science questions: Subject to modification as collaborative process moves

Develop models and decision support tools

- >Develop population models for quagga mussels
- ➤ Predict how dreissenid population growth would vary with different control strategies
- ➤ Develop models to assess effects of varying levels of control on ecosystem services, including risk assessments

Understand ecosystem effects

- ➤ Determine relationship between dreissenid mussels and harmful algal blooms
- Determine effect of dying & dead mussels on oxygen and nutrient concentrations, and surrounding microbial and invertebrate community
- ➤ Determine whether dreissenid mussels affect fish populations

Develop and refine management strategies

- ➤ Optimize biocontrol application procedures
- Continue development of additional control tools
- Assess and understand the direct effects of control strategies, including biocontrol, on native and non-target species













#### **Next Steps**

- Ongoing communication with and feedback from partners / stakeholders
  - Does this approach make sense?
  - What are your interests/priorities?

#### Please take our survey!

 Establish collaborative structure, steering committee and science team













#### **Next Steps (continued)**

- Plan first meeting of collaborative
  - February
  - Begin defining common agenda, management objectives and research needs
- Ongoing outreach to stakeholders, regionally, nationally and internationally













### **QUESTIONS**

