BIRD ISLAND

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: FORD COVE RESTORATION City/County: GROSSE POINTE SHORES / WAYNE Sampling Date: 8.2.21

Applicant/Owner: FORD HOUSE State: MI Sampling Point: S5

Investigator(s): WADE ROSE, JOHN BARBATANO Section, Township, Range: S35 T1N R13E

Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): NONE Local relief (concave, convex, none): NONE Slope (%): < 2%

Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRRL Lat: 42.457966 Long: -82.872086 Datum: WGS 84

Soil Map Unit Name: ZfshgA ZIEGENFUSS SANDY LOAM NWI classification: NONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ____ No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)

Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____

Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X	No	**Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?** Yes ____ No X
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes ____	No X	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes ____	No X	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: ____

Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)

- ___ Surface Water (A1)
- ___ High Water Table (A2)
- ___ Saturation (A3)
- ___ Water Marks (B1)
- ___ Sediment Deposits (B2)
- ___ Drift Deposits (B3)
- ___ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- ___ Iron Deposits (B5)
- ___ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- ___ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- ___ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- ___ Aquatic Fauna (B13)
- ___ Marl Deposits (B15)
- ___ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- ___ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
- ___ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- ___ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- ___ Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- ___ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ___ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- ___ Drainage Patterns (B10)
- ___ Moss Trim Lines (B16)
- ___ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- ___ Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- ___ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- ___ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
- ___ Geomorphic Position (D2)
- ___ Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- ___ Microtopographic Relief (D4)
- ___ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes ____	No X	Depth (inches):
Water Table Present?	Yes ____	No X	Depth (inches):
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes ____	No X	Depth (inches):

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No X

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: WETS DATA FROM THE GROSSE POINTE FARMS STATION INDICATES CONDITIONS ARE WETTER THAN HISTORICAL AVERAGES FOR THE PREVIOUS 3 MONTHS

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: SS

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. QUERCUS PALUSTRIS	60	Y	FACW
2. CRATAEGUS CRUS-GALLI	10		FAC
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
	70	= Total Cover	

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)			
1. CRATAEGUS CRUS-GALLI	20	Y	FAC
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
	20	= Total Cover	

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)			
1. VINCA MINOR	5	Y	UPL
2. EPIPACTIS HELLEBORINE	2		UPL
3. RUDBECKIA LACINIATA	10	Y	FACW
4. SYMPHYOTRICHUM LATERIFLORUM	2		FAC
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
	19	= Total Cover	

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)			
1. NA	0		
2.			
3.			
4.			
	0	= Total Cover	

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 75% (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species	x 1 =
FACW species	x 2 =
FAC species	x 3 =
FACU species	x 4 =
UPL species	x 5 =
Column Totals: (A)	(B)

Prevalence Index = B/A =

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation

X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%

___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0[1]

___ 4 - Morphological Adaptations[1] (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)

___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation[1] (Explain)

[1]Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: S5

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%	Redox Features Color (moist)	%	Type[1]	Loc[2]	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 3/3	100					CLAY LOAM	
4-13	7.5YR 2.5/1	95					CLAY LOAM	

[1]Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. [2]Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ___ Histosol **(A1)**
- ___ Histic Epipedon **(A2)**
- ___ Black Histic **(A3)**
- ___ Hydrogen Sulfide **(A4)**
- ___ Stratified Layers **(A5)**
- ___ Depleted Below Dark Surface **(A11)**
- ___ Thick Dark Surface **(A12)**
- ___ Sandy Mucky Mineral **(S1)**
- ___ Sandy Gleyed Matrix **(S4)**
- ___ Sandy Redox **(S5)**
- ___ Stripped Matrix **(S6)**
- ___ Dark Surface **(S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)**
- ___ Polyvalue Below Surface **(S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)**
- ___ Thin Dark Surface **(S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)**
- ___ Loamy Mucky Mineral **(F1) (LRR K, L)**
- ___ Loamy Gleyed Matrix **(F2)**
- ___ Depleted Matrix **(F3)**
- ___ Redox Dark Surface **(F6)**
- ___ Depleted Dark Surface **(F7)**
- ___ Redox Depressions **(F8)**

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils[3]:

- ___ 2 cm Muck **(A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)**
- ___ Coast Prairie Redox **(A16) (LRR K, L, R)**
- ___ 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat **(S3) (LRR K, L, R)**
- ___ Dark Surface **(S7) (LRR K, L, M)**
- ___ Polyvalue Below Surface **(S8) (LRR K, L)**
- ___ Thin Dark Surface **(S9) (LRR K, L)**
- ___ Iron-Manganese Masses **(F12) (LRR K, L, R)**
- ___ Piedmont Floodplain Soils **(F19) (MLRA 149B)**
- ___ Mesic Spodic **(TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)**
- ___ Red Parent Material **(F21)**
- ___ Very Shallow Dark Surface **(TF12)**
- ___ Other (Explain in Remarks)

[3]Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type:_____

Depth (inches):_____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: FORD COVE RESTORATION City/County: GROSSE POINTE SHORES / WAYNE Sampling Date: 8·2·21

Applicant/Owner: FORD HOUSE State: MI Sampling Point: S6

Investigator(s): WADE ROSE, JOHN BARBADANO Section, Township, Range: S35 T1N R13E

Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): NONE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): < 2%

Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRRL Lat: 42.457878 Long: -82.872089 Datum: WGS 84

Soil Map Unit Name: ZfshaA ZIEGENFUSS SANDY LOAM NWI classification: NONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ____ No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)

Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____

Are Vegetation N, Soil N, or Hydrology N naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X No	**Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?**	**Yes X No**
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:	

Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)

- ___ Surface Water (A1)
- ___ High Water Table (A2)
- X Saturation (A3)
- ___ Water Marks (B1)
- ___ Sediment Deposits (B2)
- X Drift Deposits (B3)
- ___ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- ___ Iron Deposits (B5)
- ___ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- ___ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
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- ___ Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- ___ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ___ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- ___ Drainage Patterns (B10)
- ___ Moss Trim Lines (B16)
- ___ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- ___ Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- ___ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- ___ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
- X Geomorphic Position (D2)
- ___ Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- ___ Microtopographic Relief (D4)
- ___ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present?	Yes ____	No ____	Depth (inches):
Water Table Present?	Yes ____	No ____	Depth (inches):
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes X	No ____	Depth (inches): 5

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: WETS DATA FROM THE GROSSE POINTE FARMS STATION INDICATES CONDITIONS ARE WETTER THAN HISTORICAL AVERAGES FOR THE PREVIOUS 3 MONTHS.

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants. Sampling Point: S6

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. ULMUS AMERICANA	10	Y	FACW
2. CRATAEGUS CRUS-GALLI	10	Y	FAC
3. FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA	20	Y	FACW
4. QUERCUS PALUSTRIS	10	Y	FACW
5.			
6.			
7.			
	50	= Total Cover	

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)			
1. FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA	5	Y	FACW
2. CORNUS ALBA	2	Y	FACW
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
	7	= Total Cover	

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)			
1. PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINIANA	10	Y	FACW
2. SYMPHYOTRICHUM LATERIFLORUM	25	Y	FAC
3. OXALIS SP.	2		NA
4. PERSICARIA LONGISETA	5		FAC
5. EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM	2		FACW
6. FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA	2		FACW
7. ASCLEPIAS INCARNATA	2		OBL
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
	48	= Total Cover	

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)			
1. NA	0		
2.			
3.			
4.			
	0	= Total Cover	

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 8 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 8 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species	x 1 =
FACW species	x 2 =
FAC species	x 3 =
FACU species	x 4 =
UPL species	x 5 =
Column Totals: (A)	(B)

Prevalence Index = B/A =

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Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: S6

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

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4-11	10YR 5/1	85	10YR 6/8	5	C	M	CLAY LOAM	
11-13	10YR 3/2	90					CLAY LOAM	

[1]Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. [2]Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

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Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils[3]:

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- ___ 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
- ___ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L, M)
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- ___ Red Parent Material (F21)
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- ___ Other (Explain in Remarks)

[3]Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No ___

Remarks: