

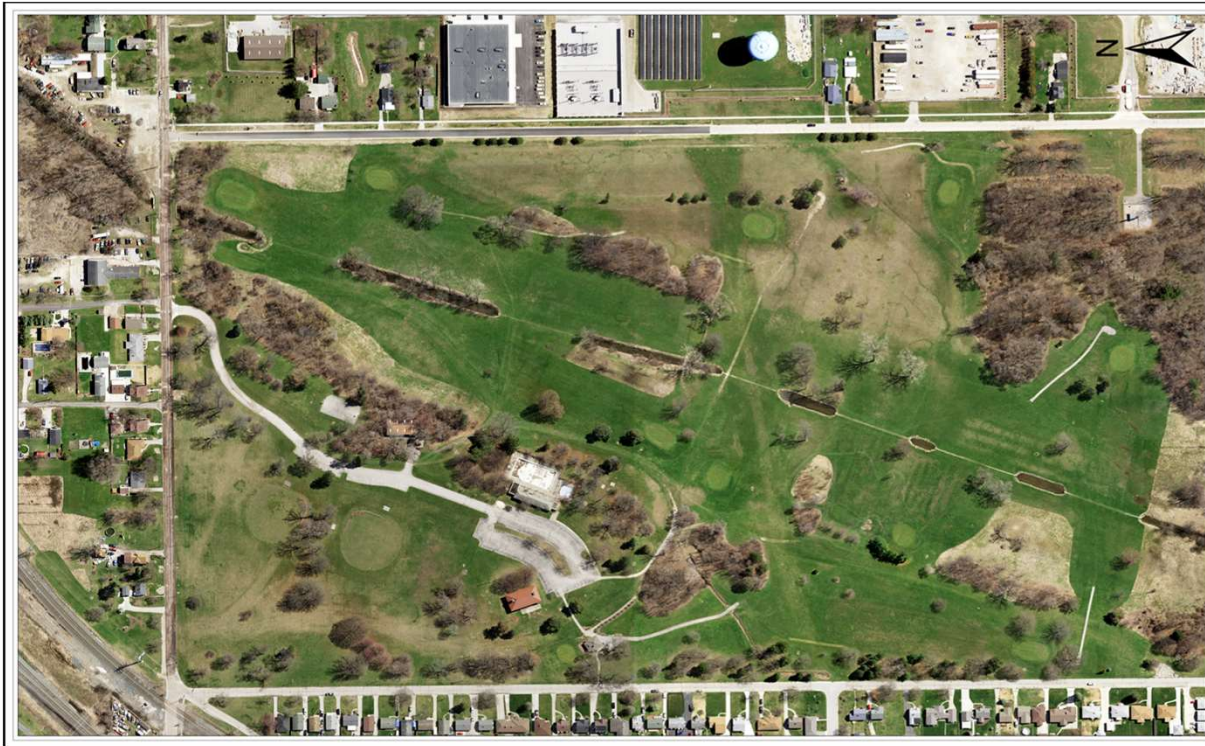


COLLINS PARK STREAM RESTORATION FEASIBILITY STUDY



PROJECT OVERVIEW

PROJECT AREAS, ISSUES, GOALS



PROJECT OVERVIEW

- Goal was to determine the restoration potential of ½ mile portion of Duck Creek that runs through the Collins Park Municipal Golf Course
- This segment of Duck Creek is situated between York Street and Consaul Street and is upstream of Toledo's highly industrialized waterfront on the Maumee River and downstream of Toledo's water plant lime sludge sediment ponds.

This project is funded through the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative Program and is working in partnership with the City of Toledo, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and Great Lakes Commission.

Public Feedback

- Outcome of Initial Public Meeting and Engagement Survey
 - Overwhelming support for continuing golf at Collins Park
 - Interested in restoring habitat
- Responses to “What do you like most about Collins Park?”

course gem hole course Close to home course nature beautiful nature
pool quiet golf course green space
place place nature open space
east open Friends Nice course layout
quiet place nice place lot of space

How We Listened

- Planned habitat improvements around golf play



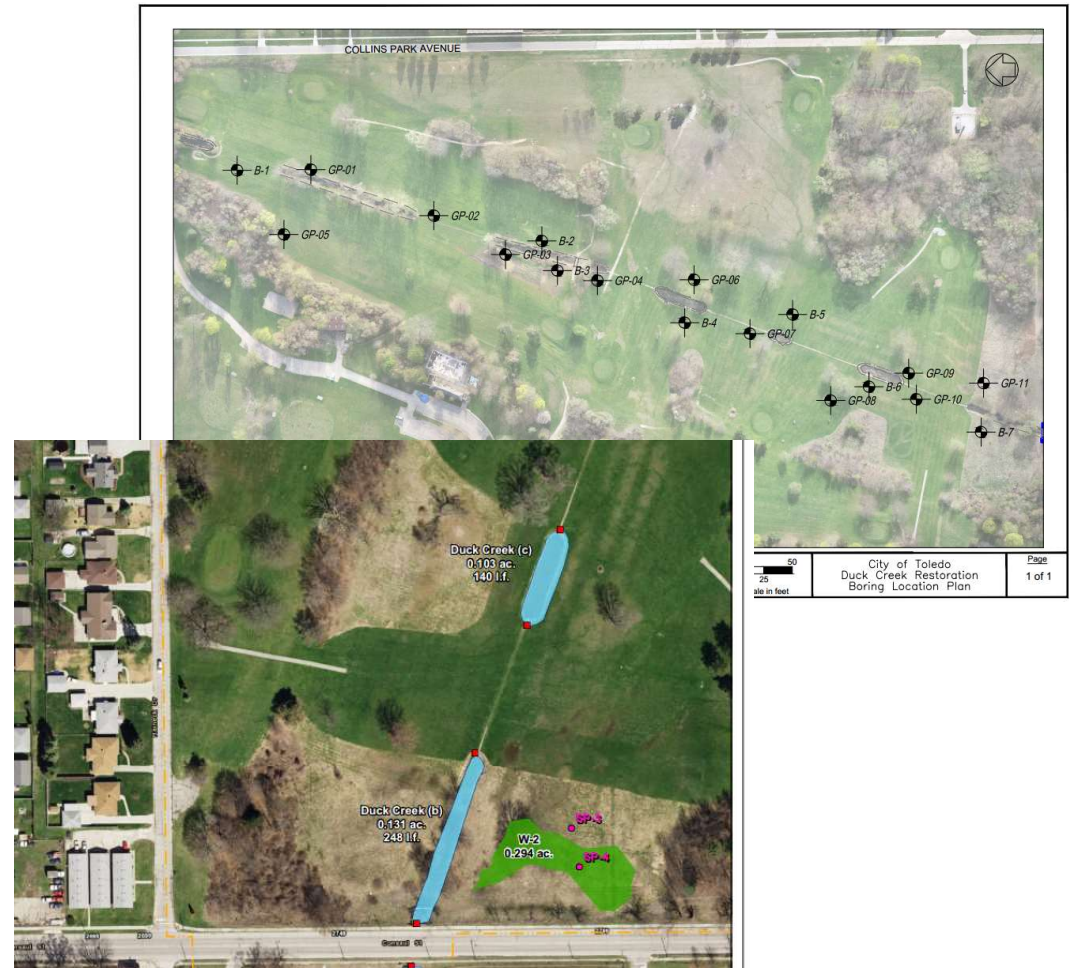


ASSESSMENT

EVALUATION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

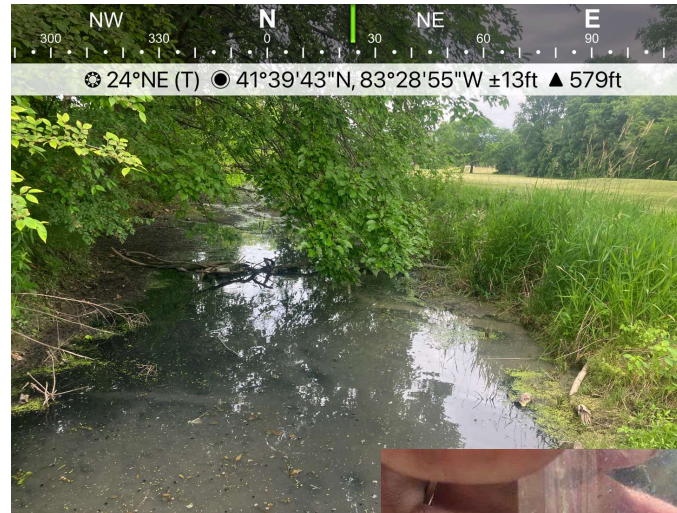
ASSESSMENT

- Existing Conditions
 - Existing Wetlands** – 0.40 acres of existing wetland
 - ORAM Scores: Wetland 1: 27, Wetland 2: 27.5, Wetland 3: 27, Wetland 4: 29
 - Topographic Survey** - 4 to 9 inches of topsoil at ground surface with stiff to hard cohesive soils underlying the top soil with occasional interbeds of granular soils
 - Results of chemical testing showed no detectable amounts of contaminants analyzed
 - Stream Habitat Evaluation (QHEI)** – Habitat Survey showed both sites in the Very Poor narrative range with QHEI scores of 19.5 and 20 out of 100



ASSESSMENT

- Existing Conditions
 - **Fish Survey** – two fish species found at most downstream portion of stream. No fish found in upstream sample location.
 - **Macroinvertebrate Survey** – Community predominately made up of leeches, worms, non-biting flies, and snails. Very Poor / Poor Narrative Scores.
- Evaluate Opportunities to Modify Past Impairments
 - Straightened / Culverted Ditch Alignment
- Ditch Configuration / Channelization
 - Ineffective for sediment transport
 - Accumulates sediment



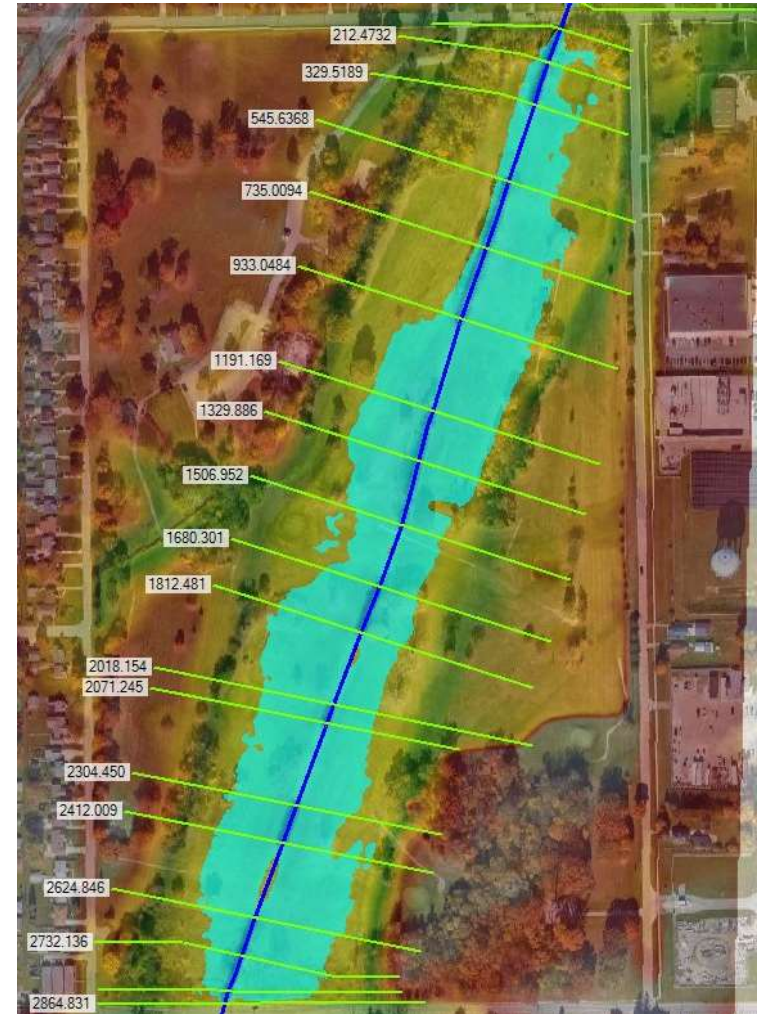
A photograph of a golf course landscape. In the foreground, a stream flows through a grassy area, bordered by tall green grass and some aquatic plants. The water reflects the sky and trees. In the background, a well-maintained golf course with several large, mature trees is visible under a blue sky with scattered white clouds. A semi-transparent grey banner is overlaid across the middle of the image, containing the title text.

CONCEPTUAL PLAN

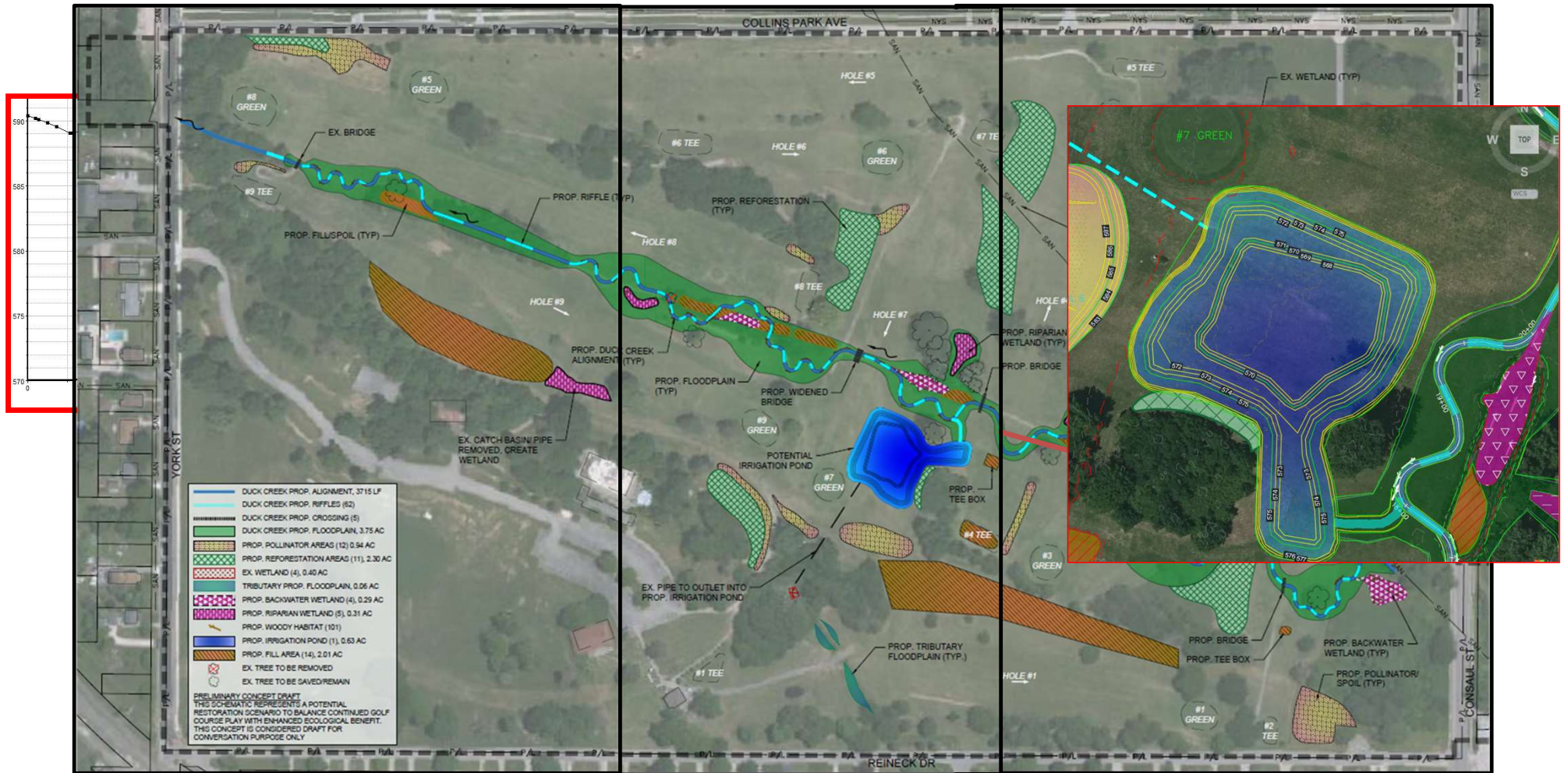
PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

DESIGN APPROACH

1. Proposed Improvements to Condition & Shape of the base flow channel
 - Daylight Stream from Culverted Areas
 - Channel Re-alignment / Re-meandering
 - Floodplain Creation
 - Wetland Restoration
 - Riparian Restoration / Reforestation
2. Proposed Benefits
 - Integrate Natural Areas into the Golf Course where feasible
 - Improve base flow condition = improve water quality
 - More effective sediment transport “self-maintaining”
 - Reconnect to the floodplain
 - Habitat Improvements (Fish & Wildlife)
3. Model the Proposed Conditions

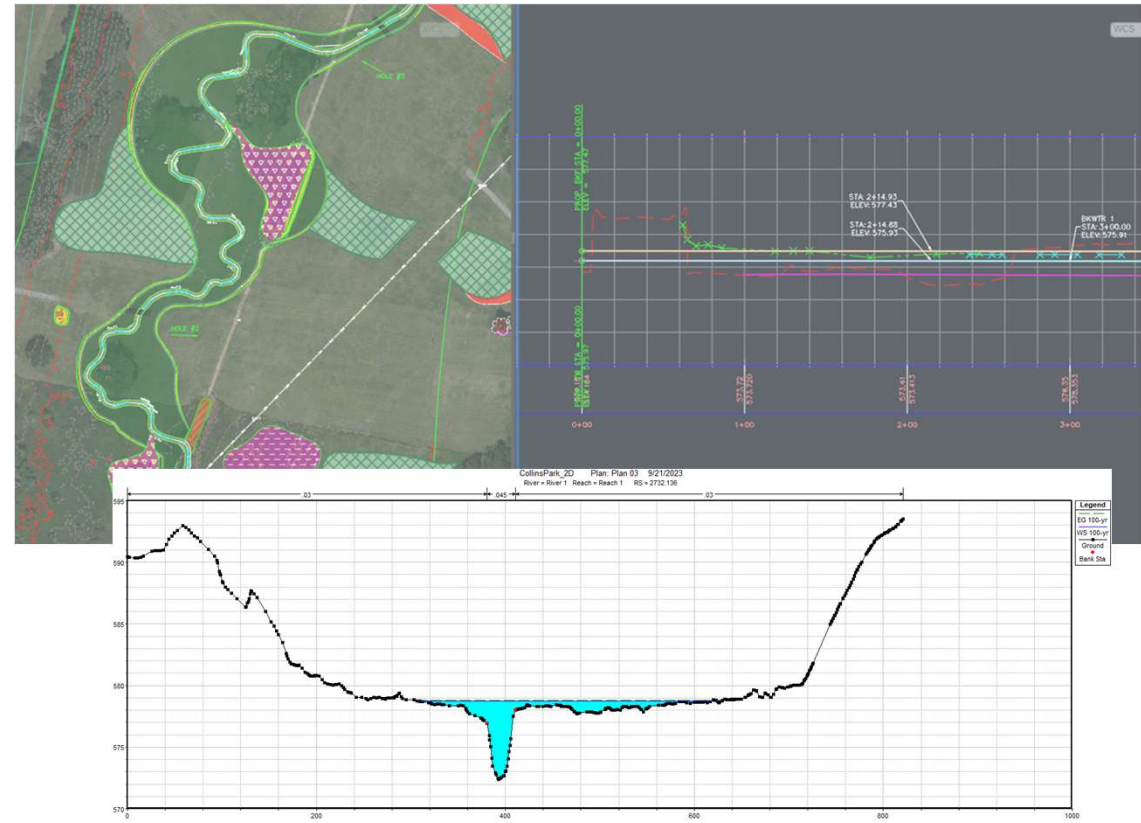






DUCK CREEK: CONCEPTUAL DESIGN SUMMARY

- **Proposed Duck Creek**
 - 3,715 linear feet with proposed alignment
 - 5 proposed stream crossings
 - 3.75 acres of proposed floodplain
 - 0.94 acres of proposed pollinator areas
 - 0.29 acres of proposed backwater wetland
 - 0.31 acres of proposed riparian wetland
 - 0.63 acre potential pond
- **Tributary**
 - 0.06 ac proposed floodplain



CONCLUSIONS

- Improvements to stream functionality and habitat
 - Water quality improvements
 - Self maintaining
- Increased hydraulic efficiency through two-stage channels
 - Improves sediment transport
 - Alleviates maintenance needs
- Additional storm water storage capacity by accessing existing floodprone areas
 - Lowers water surface elevations
- Attenuation of peak flows for high frequency storms
 - Diverts flows to storage areas and relieves flood risks to other properties

TIMELINE

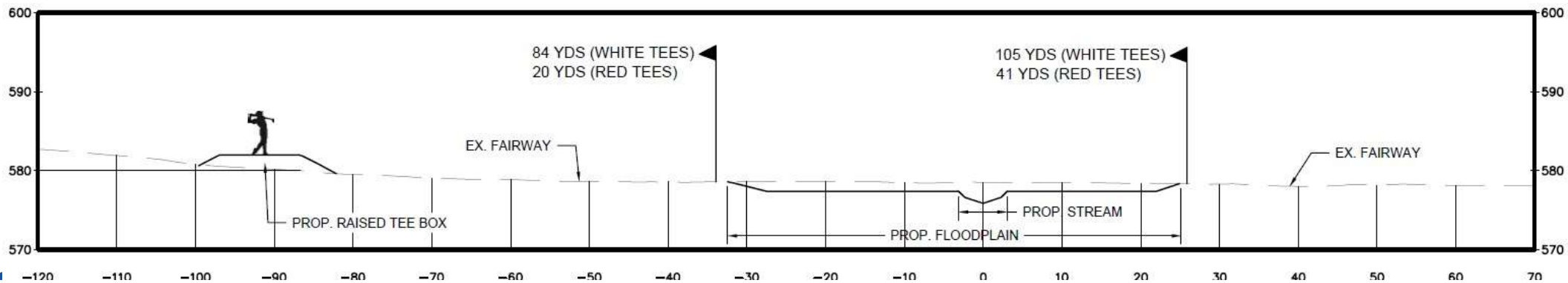
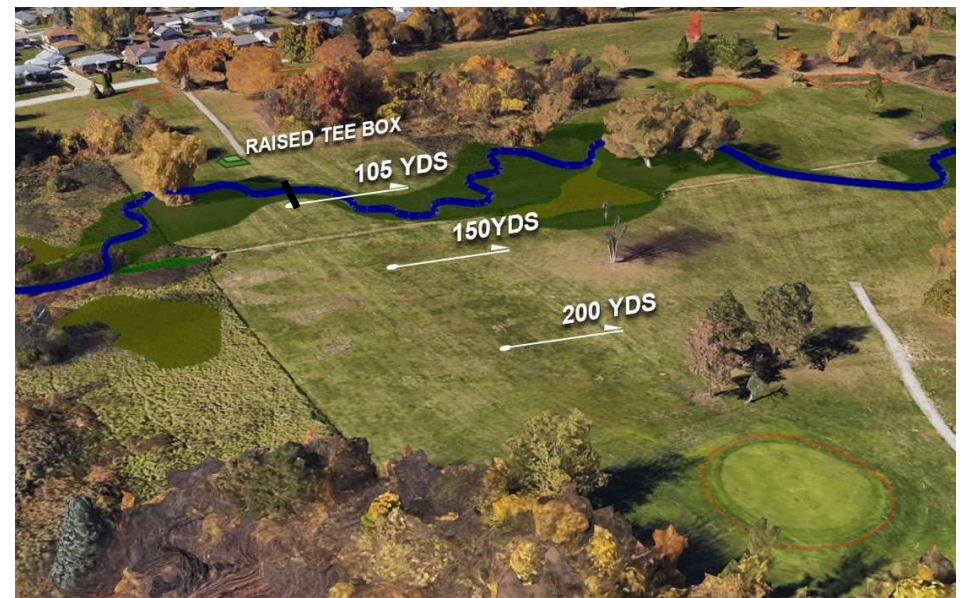
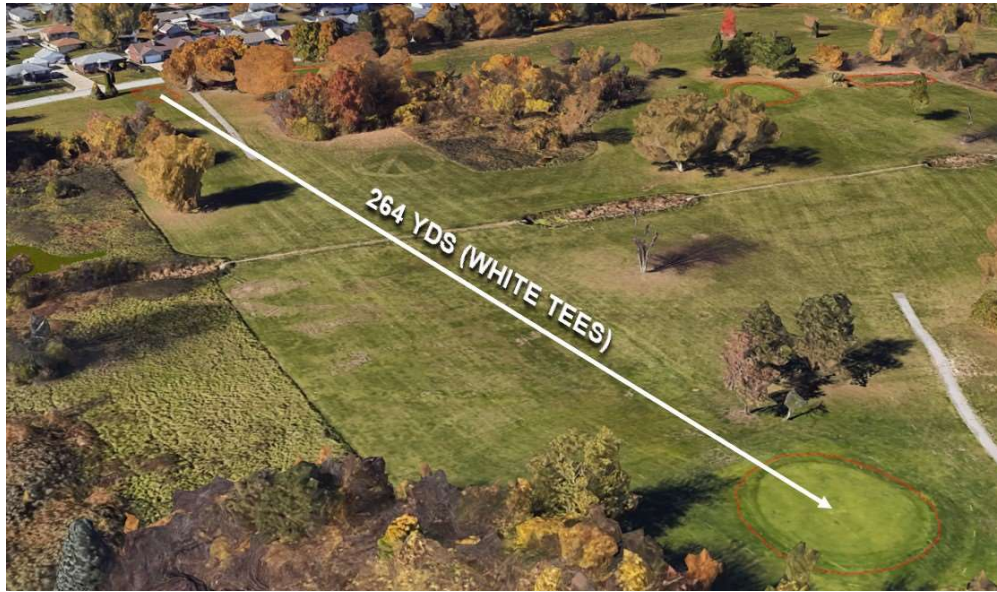
- Complete Feasibility Study: 4th Quarter 2023
- Engineering and Design: 2nd Quarter 2024 through 2nd Quarter 2025
- Construction: Late 2025/2026



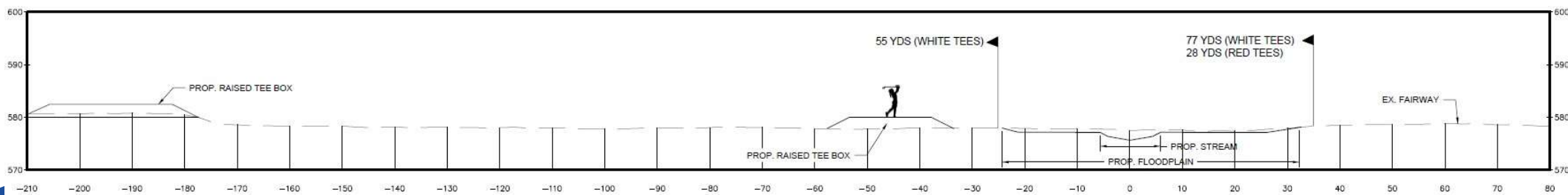
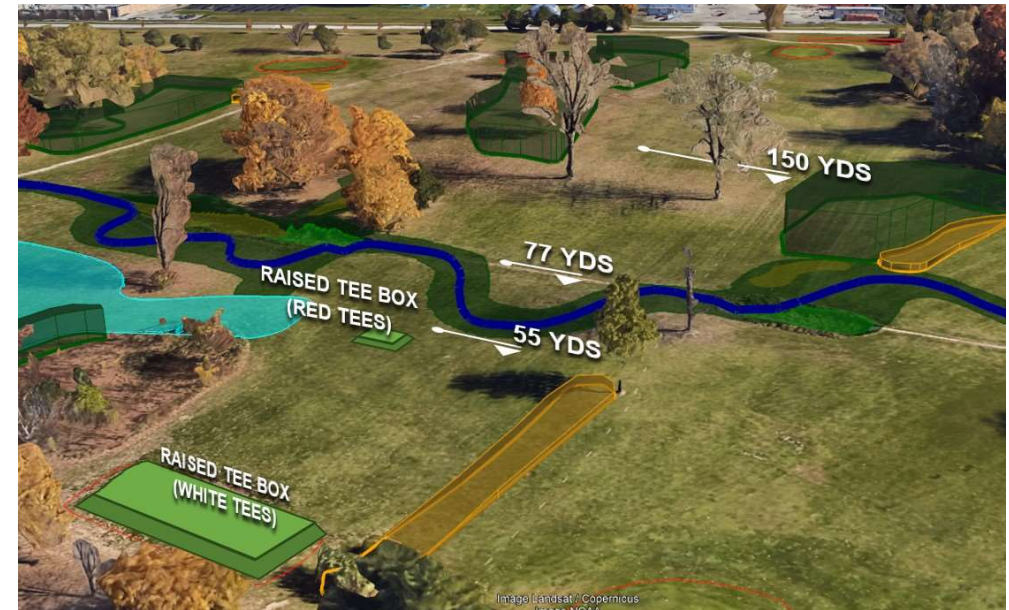
Changes to Golf Play at Collins Park



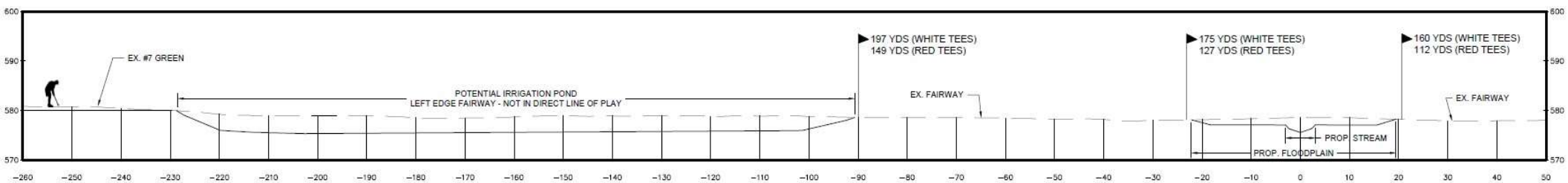
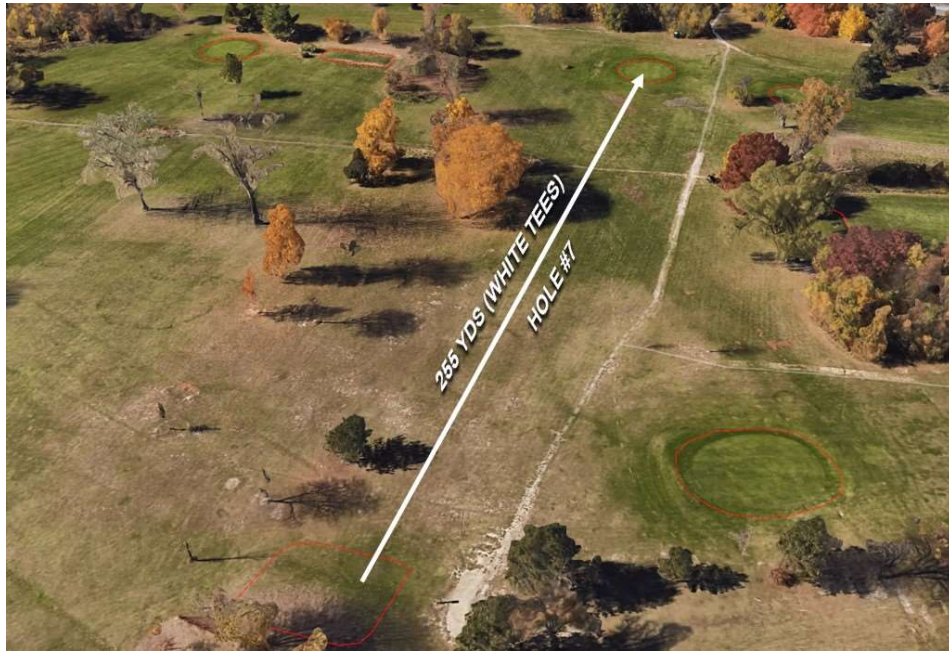
Hole #2



Hole #4



Hole #7





Questions?

Thank you to The City of Toledo, Great Lakes Commission, Great Lakes Restoration Initiative, NOAA, Ohio EPA, Ohio DNR, and Partners for Clean Streams